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Commercial Standardization of Instrument Testing of Cotton: Global Achievements of the Project

Axel Drieling

Faserinstitut Bremen e. V. (Bremen Fibre Institute "FIBRE")

ICA International Quality Testing and Research Centre Bremen



CFC/ICAC/33 Final Seminar
January 18 and 19, 2012

1

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Content




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- From the CSITC Task Force to the CSITC Project
- (Trade Rules)
- CSITC Round Trials
- (Extra Fine Round Trials)
- CSITC Guideline for Instrument Testing
- ICA Bremen Laboratory Certification
- (Technical Developments)
- CSITC Website and Online Database

2

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FROM THE CSITC TASK FORCE TO THE CSITC PROJECT

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ICAC CSITC Task Force

- The CSITC Task Force was formed in December 2003 under the auspices of the ICAC
- International members from cotton production, trading, processing, testing and research.
- Included project partners: Axel Drieling, Jean-Paul Gourlot
- Members from Africa:
 - Ms. Jolly Sabune, Managing Director
Cotton Development Organisation, Uganda
E-mail: cdo@africaonline.co.ug
Tel: (256-41)236-394
 - Mr. Ibrahim Malloum, Cotton Commercial Manager
Somdiaa, France
E-mail: imalloum@somdiaa.jlv.com
Tel: (33-1)4039-5542

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ICAC CSITC Task Force



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- C S I T C
- Global Aims
 - Facilitate the adoption of standardized instrument testing as a basis for cotton quality evaluation and trading
 - Facilitate the widespread use of standardized instrument testing systems at the producer level
 - Uphold and improve the reliability of instrument testing by:
 - encouraging improvements in instruments
 - encouraging improvements in the operation of cotton testing facilities
 - Facilitate the adoption of instrument testing standards and procedures as defined by the Universal Cotton Standards Agreement.
- During the project time, the CSITC cooperation structure was formed with fixing the structure, the aims, the tasks and duties.

5

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Benefits of Instrument Testing for the Cotton Production in Africa



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- High Volume Testing will enable cotton producing countries in Africa to sell their cotton based on reliable and comparable test results
 - Offer cotton with known quality
 - Avoid price discounts due to unknown properties
 - Avoid claims
 - Secure/improve the market share
 - Use of the test results in the whole textile value added chain
 - Monetary benefit regarding higher achievable prices: approx. 3 US-ct for each kg of lint

6

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CFC/EU – ICAC Project: CSITC



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Based on the recommendations of the CSITC Task Force, and to facilitate the work that is necessary to fulfil the CSITC objectives, a project was created:

Commercial Standardization of Instrument Testing of Cotton for the Cotton Producing Developing Countries in Africa

CFC/ICAC/33



- To assist developing countries to meet the requirements of standardized and harmonized instrument testing, so that they are not at a disadvantage
- For supporting the global aims *TOPIC OF THIS PRESENTATION*



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TRADE RULES



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Adaption of Trade Rules to Instrument Testing



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- In interrelation with the Project, the Bremen Cotton Exchange (BBB) included all CSITC Task Force approved test parameters as options in their procedures for trading.
- The International Cotton Association (ICA) included two instrument testing parameters (Mic and Strength).
- The Gdynia Cotton Exchange is currently developing trade rules that include CSITC instrument test results as basis for contracts.
- Other Cotton Associations are taking similar steps.
- ICA Bremen (a joint venture between ICA and BBB) is developing an ICA Laboratory Certification for certifying laboratories that are suitable for resolving quality disputes.
- The necessary ICA-Certification will be included as a prerequisite in the ICA Trade Rules.

9

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THE CSITC ROUND TRIALS

10

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Aims of the CSITC Round Trial



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Aims of the CSITC Round Trial

1. **Evaluation of the test methods / test result variation → Improvement**
 - Within-instrument variation
 - Inter-instrument variation
 - Possible additions as the variations between instrument types etc.
2. **Rating of the participating laboratories**, based on the accuracy of the results
3. **Detailed analysis of laboratory results** to achieve more accurate results, based on accuracy and precision

11

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CSITC Round Trial Realization



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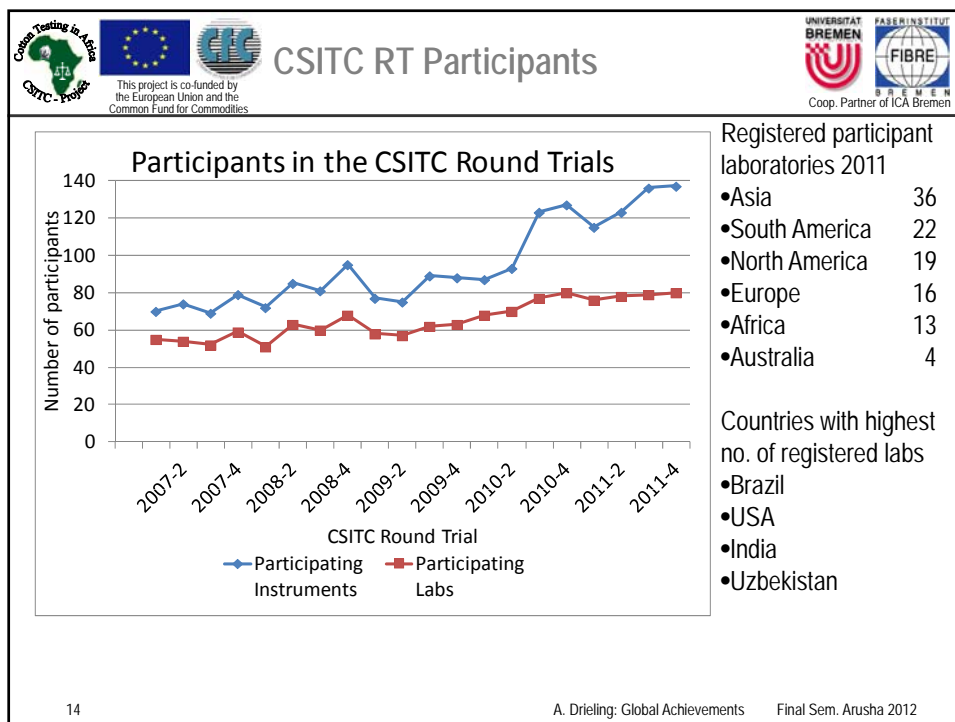
Realization

- Headed by the International Cotton Advisory Committee (ICAC)
- Realization in cooperation between the Fibre Institute Bremen (FIBRE) and USDA-AMS
- Financially supported by the CFC/ICAC/33 project (co-funded by the European Union and the Common Fund for Commodities) up to 2011
- From Jan 2012 on financed solely by participation fees

12

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Attribute	USDA HVI Checktest	Bremen Round Trial	CSITC Round Trial
Number of participants	50 to 80 HV instr.	130 to 150 HV instr.	110 registered labs (2011) 115-137 HV instr. (2011)
Kinds of instruments	Restricted to High Volume Testing	Every kind of Testing instrument	Restricted to High Volume Testing
Cottons: Origin and type	USA; Upland	World; broad range of prop.	4 US Upland; 1 international
Costs	Annual fee	Free of charge	Annual fee: 2012: 1000 USD
Frequency	12 times/year each 2 samples	3 times/year each 1 sample	4 times/year each 5 samples
Number of tests per sample	Asked for 12 tests per sample	Proposed: 6 tests per sample	30 tests per sample (fixed)
Aim	Information for the laboratory	Information for the laboratory	Official laboratory evaluation and detailed analysis for the laboratory
Evaluation of	Laboratory average	Laboratory average	Laboratory average and all single data
Evaluation of	Trueness only	Trueness only	Trueness and precision
Additional benefit			Calibration Material delivered with the RT samples (starting 2012)





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Publication of Participating Labs on icac.org and csitc.org




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INTERNATIONAL COTTON ADVISORY COMMITTEE
 1629 K Street NW, Suite 702, Washington DC 20006 USA
 Telephone +1-202-463-6660 • Fax +1-202-463-6950 • email secretariat@icac.org



CSITC Round Trials

<p>ARGENTINA</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Agrupación Textil S. A. • INTA REA Suez Paga - Laboratorio de Fibras <p>AUSTRALIA</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aurizon Limited • Australian Clothing Services P/L • Queensland Cotton Coop. Ltd. <p>BANGLADESH</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Square Textiles Ltd. <p>BRAZIL</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Algodões Peroviana • SUDAFIB/USPA S.A. • Centro de Análise de Fibras EBD/ABADA • Comê o Companhia Catarinense de Fibras • FIBET - Fundação Brasileira de Estudos Textéis • Kulkarni Lab. Acrena-ALCOTTON • Bóias ABAPA, Chapadão do Sul/ANGAUL, Foz de Várzea/ABAPA, Siqueira • Minas Cotton (ANCPA) • SGS do Brasil Ltda. Filial Rondonópolis/MT • Unicooper - Cooperativa de Produtores de Algodão <p>BURKINA FASO</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SOFTEX Laboratoire de Classement Cotton <p>CHINA, PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shanghai Technical Center for Inspection & Quarantine • Usar Technologies (Shanghai) Co. Ltd. • Xin Jiang Equal Textile Company Ltd. <p>COLOMBIA</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Distribuidora de Algodón Nacional DIAGONAL <p>EGYPT</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cotton Arbitration & Testing General Organization (CATGO) <p>FRANCE</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SUEP PERSYST LTC <p>GERMANY</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Faserinstitut Bremen e.V. (FIBRE) <p>GREECE</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ENA S.A. • N. B. Modern Alaba <p>INDIA</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NAGREF - Cotton and Industrial Plant Research Institute <p>INDONESIA</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Almadahad Textile Industry's Research Association (ATIRA) • Cotton Association of India: CTAR Lab. Alcala, CTAR Lab. Alungabad, CTAR Lab. Mumbai, CTAR Lab. Rajkot • SGS India Pvt Limited, Almadahad Agri Laboratory • Sporting System Ltd. • Tangerang Agha, PT Ltd. • U. B. Cotton Pvt. Ltd. • Winfield Inspection Services (India) Pvt. Ltd. • Mumbai Lab. Rajkot Lab. 	<p>IRAN</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General Department of Cotton & Oil Seeds of Iran <p>ITALY</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fibres s.p.a. <p>JAPAN</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Japan Spinnets Inspecting Foundation <p>MALI</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CHEFFEX, RTC West Central <p>PAKISTAN</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Karachi Cotton Association <p>POLAND</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Górnin Cotton Association Laboratory <p>RUSSIA FEDERATION</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cotton South Africa • Pribl 2000 (Pty) Ltd <p>SILO</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Laboratorio Agronomico de Sevilla <p>SWITZERLAND</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Usar Technologies AG <p>TANZANIA</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tanzania Bureau of Standards, RTC East/Southern • Tanzania Cotton Board • Winfield Inspection Services Tanzania Ltd <p>UGANDA</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cotton Development Organization <p>UNITED KINGDOM</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • International Cotton Association (ICA) <p>USA</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cotton Incorporated Product Evaluation Laboratory • Fiber & Biopolymer Research Institute (Texas Tech University) • Monsanto FVT Lab • USDA, AMS Cotton Office, NRE Cotton Program, Shreveport, LA, Cotton Clinic TX, Dumas, AK, Florence, SC, Lubbock, TX, Mazon, GA, Memphis, TN, GA Branch, Virginia, CA • USDA, ARS, Cotton Quality Research Station, Clanton, SC • USDA, ARS-ERRC, New Orleans, LA • Usar Technologies Inc. <p>UZBEKISTAN</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SOI Textiles Ltd. • Uzbek Cotton SIFAT Regional Labs: Andijan, Bukhara, Jizzah, Karakalpak, Khatlon, Khovren, Navoiy, Nur, Samarkand, Sverdlovsk, Tashkent <p>WINFIELD INSPECTION SERVICES (Zimbabwe) Ltd</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Zimbabwe (Zimbabwe) Limited <p>ZIMBABWE</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cotton Company of Zimbabwe
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15
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African Participation in CSITC RTs



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	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Labs	8	11	9	12	14
Instr. (paral.)	13	16	12	16	?
Countries	6	8	7	8	9
Countries	Benin Egypt South Afr. Tanzania Zambia Zimbabwe	Benin Egypt Kenya South Afr. Sudan Tanzania Zambia Zimbabwe	Egypt Mali South Afr. Tanzania Uganda Zambia Zimbabwe	Burkina Faso Egypt Mali South Africa Tanzania Uganda Zambia Zimbabwe	Burkina Faso Egypt Mali South Africa Sudan Tanzania Uganda Zambia Zimbabwe

16
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Cotton Testing in Africa
COTC - Project

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Configuration of the CSITC RT

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	Cotton 1	Cotton 2	Cotton 3	Cotton 4	Cotton 5
day 1	6 tests	6 tests	6 tests	6 tests	6 tests
day 2	6 tests	6 tests	6 tests	6 tests	6 tests
day 3	6 tests	6 tests	6 tests	6 tests	6 tests
day 4	6 tests	6 tests	6 tests	6 tests	6 tests
day 5	6 tests	6 tests	6 tests	6 tests	6 tests
Sub Total	30 tests	30 tests	30 tests	30 tests	30 tests
Total	150 tests for each Round Trial				

Cotton 1 to cotton 4 for laboratory evaluation



- US origin
- Tested for homogeneity
- Upland cottons
- Saw ginned

Cotton 5
as option for
other origins,
ginning or
different behaviour

17
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COTC - Project

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Configuration of the CSITC RT

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- Fully evaluated characteristics
 - Micronaire
 - Strength
 - Length (UHML), Uniformity
 - Colour Rd, Colour +b
- Result variation only
 - Short Fibre Index
 - Maturity
 - Trash Area and Count

18
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1 – Evaluation of Test Result Variation: Explanation

Inter-instrument Variation

- SD interlab (30) based on 30 tests
- SD interlab (6) based on 6 tests on 1 day
- SD interlab (1) based on single tests

Within-instrument Variation

- SD within (days) between different days
- SD within (single tests) between single tests on 1 day
- SD within (all tests) between all 30 tests

20

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Inter-Instrument Result Variation Parameters

Inter-instrument distribution based on 30 test results (on 6 days) for each instrument

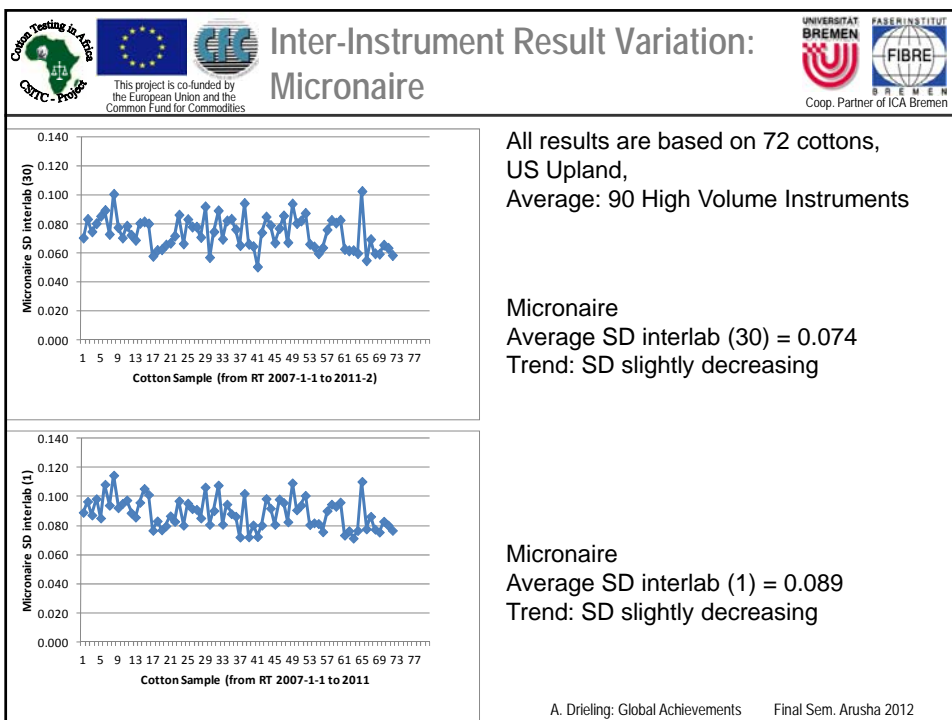
Inter-instrument distribution based on 6 test results (on 1 day) for each instrument

Inter-instrument distribution based on one single test results for each instrument

		Strength						
		Cotton 1	Cotton 2	Cotton 3	Cotton 4	Average	Cotton 5	
Average of Instruments (Grubbs)		29.494	27.681	25.760	33.514		31.881	
Reference Values for Evaluation		29.494	27.681	25.760	33.514		31.881	
Number Of Instruments		123	123	123	123	123	123	
Inter-Instrument Variation	based on 30 tests	SD	0.915	0.968	1.236	1.020	1.035	0.997
		CV %	3.1	3.5	4.8	3.0	3.6	3.1
	based on 6 tests	SD	0.996	0.997	1.183	1.150	1.081	1.051
		CV %	3.4	3.6	4.6	3.4	3.8	3.3
	based on single tests	SD	1.169	1.157	1.303	1.322	1.238	1.199
		CV %	4.0	4.2	5.1	3.9	4.3	3.8

20

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Inter-Instrument Result Variation Summary

All results are based on 72 cottons from RT2007-1 to 2011-2, restricted to US Upland, Average: 90 High Volume Instruments per Round Trial



Property / Parameter	SD inter-instrument (30)	SD inter-instrument (1)	Trend from 2007 to 2011
Micronaire	0.074	0.089	Slight decrease
Strength, g/tex	1.06	1.30	Decrease → Constant
UHML, Inches	0.012	0.017	Constant
Uniformity Index	0.53	0.82	Constant
Color Rd	1.09	1.15	Increase → Constant
Color +b	0.37	0.42	Increase → Constant

Decreases might come from learning process of the laboratories
Increases occur e.g. due to participation of new/more laboratories

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Currently Achievable Improvements

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How far will the SD be improved by only choosing the better 50%* of the laboratories?

SD inter-instrument (1)		
Property / Parameter	All laboratories	50%* best laboratories
Micronaire	0.092	0.074
Strength, g/tex	1.40	1.13
UHML, Inches	0.0171	0.0137
Uniformity Index	0.81	0.68
Color Rd	1.03	0.80
Color +b	0.38	0.29



Possible reduction of SD interlab: approx. 20% for each property

Data based on CSITC RT 2007-1 to 2008-2 (24 cotton samples)
 * 50% of the best labs were chosen based on their overall RT Evaluation in each RT

23
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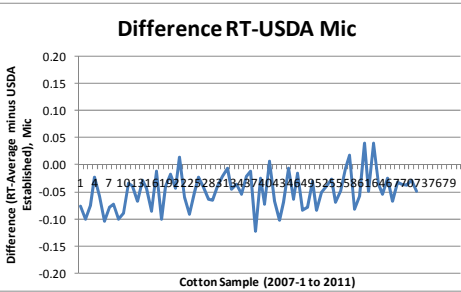
Comparison to USDA Established Results

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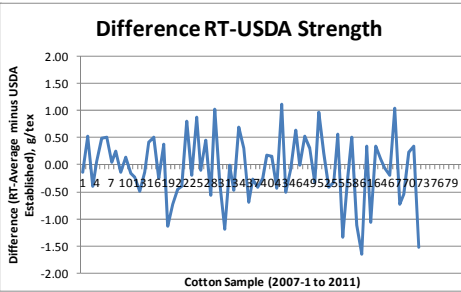
By agreement, Inter-instrument averages are taken for comparison.
 Another possible reference are the USDA Established Results.

Difference RT-USDA Mic



Cotton Sample (2007-1 to 2011)

Difference RT-USDA Strength



Cotton Sample (2007-1 to 2011)

Micronaire Difference:
Small / reducing

Strength Difference:
No systematic deviation:
in average ideally fitting

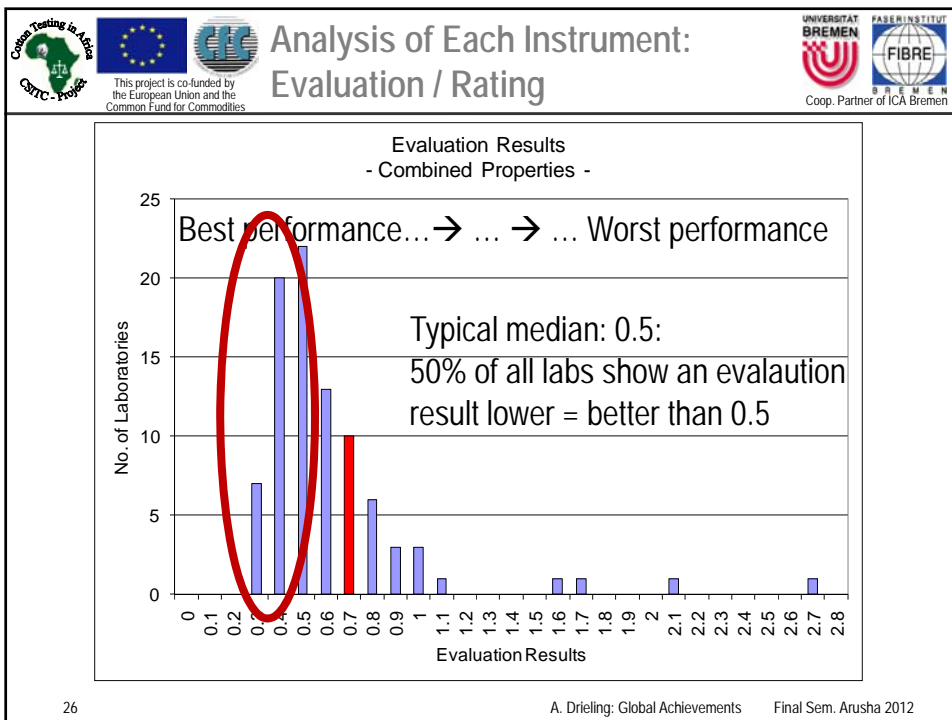
24
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		Micronaire	Strength	Length	Uniformity	Color Rd	Color +b
Reference Values							
	Cotton 1	3,83	32,82	1,207	82,42	76,31	12,14
	Cotton 2	5,17	28,22	1,136	81,90	78,06	11,53
	Cotton 3	4,40	25,54	0,948	78,53	74,86	10,86
	Cotton 4	3,81	32,89	1,177	83,65	76,08	10,98
Laboratory Average of All Days							
	Cotton 1	3,80	33,62	1,207	82,71	75,37	11,38
	Cotton 2	5,23	28,50	1,134	81,44	76,05	10,82
	Cotton 3	4,36	26,11	0,969	76,13	73,62	10,41
	Cotton 4	3,79	32,72	1,182	83,83	75,29	10,17
Rel. Distance to Reference							
	Cotton 1	-0,03	0,80	0,000	0,29	-0,94	-0,76
	Cotton 2	0,06	0,28	-0,003	-0,46	-2,00	-0,71
	Cotton 3	-0,04	0,57	0,021	-2,40	-1,24	-0,45
	Cotton 4	-0,02	-0,18	0,005	0,18	-0,79	-0,81
Mean Absolute Distance to Reference		0,04	0,46	0,007	0,83	1,24	0,68
Scale Factor (Based on USDA Reproducibility Limits except Rd)		0,10	1,50	0,02	1,00	1,50	0,50
Summary Evaluation for Each Property (=Mean Abs. Distance divided by Scale Factor)		0,38	0,31	0,36	0,83	0,83	1,37
Relevance of Property		1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00
Summary Evaluation of All Properties (=Average of all properties)		0,68					

25

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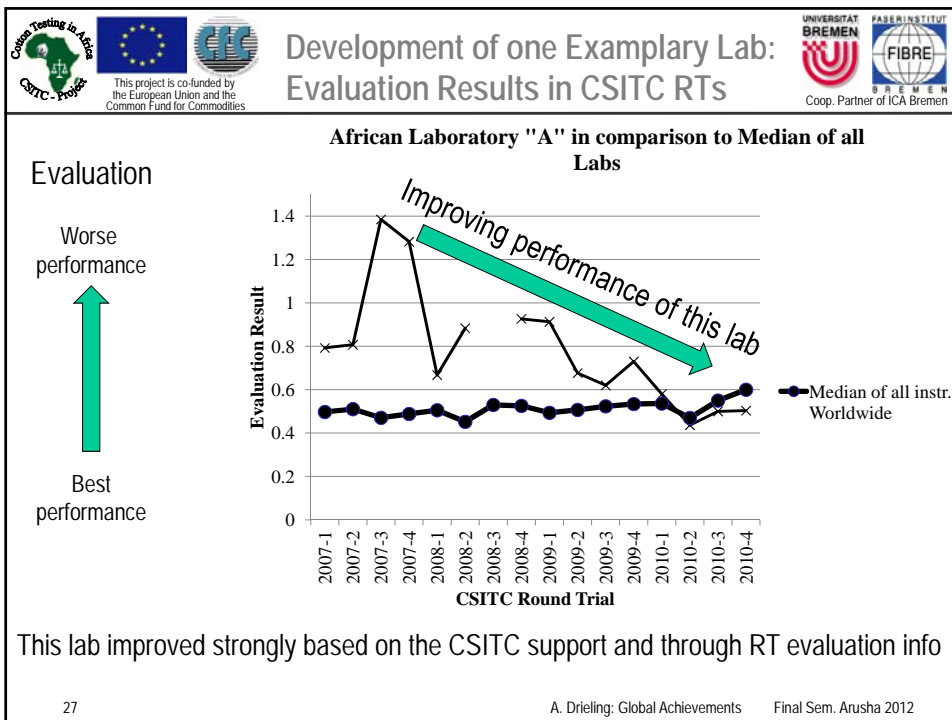
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26

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- 
Within Limits Evaluation

- Agreed idea for an additional evaluation: **„Within Limits Evaluation“**
 - Compare the results of each instrument for each cotton based on suitable test result limits:
 - Identify if differences between test results and reference results are in the allowed limits
 - Basis for applying commercial trade limits
 - Now realized for
 1. the average of 30 test results for each sample/property
 2. each single test results for each sample/property
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Within Limits Evaluation based on single test results

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Within Limits Evaluation Applied for RT 2011-2

Based on Single Test Results

	Micronaire	Strength	Length	Uniformity	Color Rd	Color +b
Limits	0.20	2.0	0.030	2.0	1.5	1.0
	units	g/tex	inch	%	units	units
% of Instruments 100% within limits	59.3	20.3	28.5	47.2	27.6	65.9
% of Instruments ≥95% within limits	80.5	42.3	65.9	78.9	48.0	82.1
% of Instruments ≥75% within limits	95.1	84.6	91.9	98.4	71.5	87.8
% of Instruments ≥65% within limits	95.9	87.0	94.3	98.4	78.0	89.4




Applied limits;
Statistics

Single instruments results

„For this instrument and for length, 83% of the 120 results were measured inside the allowed limits“



Percentage of Results Within Limits						
Instrument	Micronaire	Strength	Length	Uniformity	Color Rd	Color +b
GL112-001-01	97	82	71	44	42	100
GL112-001-02	99	86	83	99	13	99
GL112-001-03	98	82	96	100	10	99
GL112-002-01	100	100	100	100	100	100
GL112-002-02	100	100	100	100	100	100
GL112-002-04	100	100	100	100	100	100
GL112-003-02	88	76	47	87	83	100
GL112-004-01	100	86	99	100	100	100
GL112-006-01	2	0	83	98	18	100
GL112-007-01	100	97	99	100	93	100

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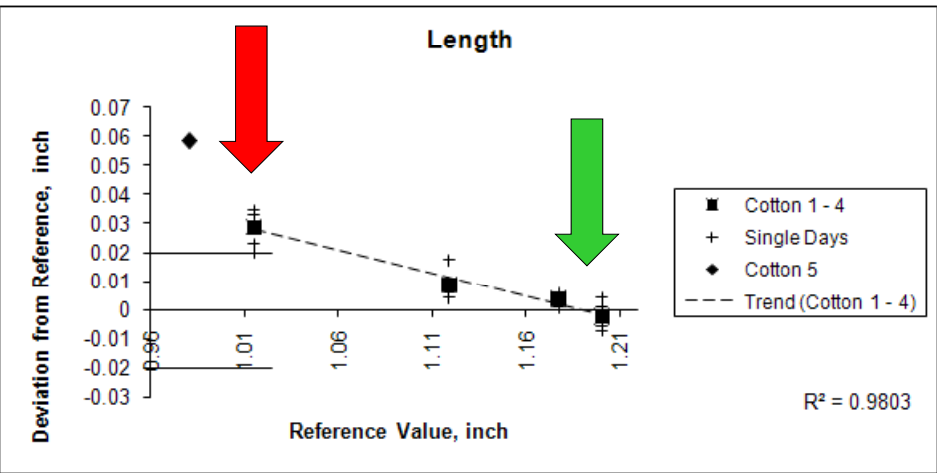
3 – Detailed Analysis for Each Instrument: Accuracy

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Detailed accuracy evaluation to find deviations / biases

Length

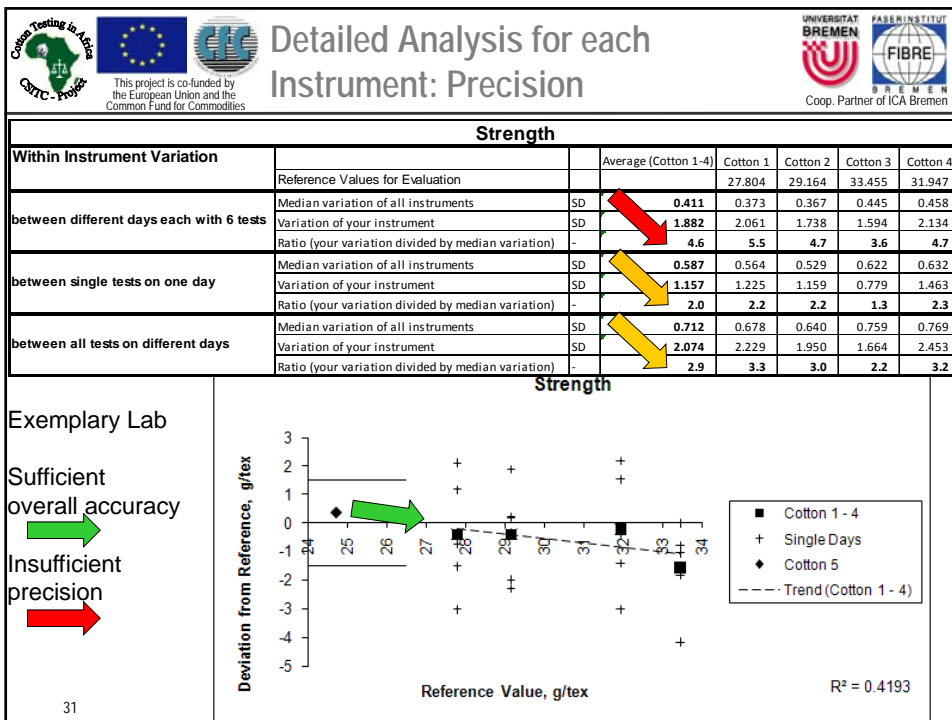







R² = 0.9803

30

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Cotton Testing in Africa    **New Reporting: → General Evaluation Report**  
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- Section 1: Result distribution *WITH 3 HEADING PAGES*
 - Tables with inter-instrument and within-instrument variation (6 parameters)
 - Distribution graphs for each property
 - Tables with inter-instrument and within-instrument variation (optional parameters)
 - Distribution graphs for each property *NOW INCLUDED*
- Section 2: Instrument Evaluation
 - Evaluation combined properties
 - Graph only
 - Evaluation single properties
 - Graphs only
- Section 3: Within Limits Evaluation *NEW*
 - Based on 30 tests, based on single tests



32

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New Reporting: → Instrument Evaluation Report

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- Section 1: Instrument Results and Analysis
 - Calculation table for evaluation
 - Calculation table for optional parameters
 - Detailed analysis graphs
 - Precision evaluation
 - Section 2: Instrument Evaluation
 - Evaluation Combined Properties
 - Instrument, table, graph
 - Evaluation Single Properties
 - Instrument, tables, graphs
 - Section 3: Within Limits Evaluation
 - Based on 30 tests, with instrument highlighted
 - Based on single tests, with instr. highlighted

WITH 3 HEADING PAGES

NEW

IMPROVED

NEW






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ROUND TRIALS FOR EXTRA FINE VARIETIES

34
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Extra Fine Round Trials




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- Conducted from 2009 to 2011
- Only gossypium barbadense varieties, different calibration
- Not part of the CSITC Round Trials
- Mainly planned for supporting extra fine cotton in Northern Africa


- 6 Round Trials, 24 samples
- Up to 12 participants from Egypt, Sudan, Project Partners, other countries (average: 10 instruments)
- Egyptian, Sudanese, US and Spanish varieties
- Different result variation expected than for Upland varieties

- Interest of the laboratories in Extra Fine RT continuation after end of project – irrespective of participation fees

35A. Drieling: Global Achievements Final Sem. Arusha 2012



Inter-Instrument Result Variation Summary



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Upland: based on 72 cottons; restricted to US Upland; 90 instruments per RT

Extra fine: based on 24 cottons; restricted to G. barbadense; 10 instr. per RT

Property / Parameter	US Upland SD inter-instrument (30)	Extra Fine SD inter-instrument (30)
Micronaire	0.07	0.08
Strength, g/tex	1.06	1.2
UHML, Inches	0.012	0.013
Uniformity Index	0.53	0.71
Color Rd	1.09	1.07
Color +b	0.37	0.42

Although results cannot be directly compared, the first analysis shows only a slight increase in inter-instrument result variation

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Best Practices Guideline



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Guideline



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Guideline for Commercial Standardized Instrument Testing of Cotton

**ICAC Task Force on Commercial Standardization of Instrument Testing of Cotton
and
ITMF International Committee on Cotton Testing Methods**

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<p>Contents</p>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Preamble 4 2. Introduction 5 3. Necessary Basic Documents 7 4. Definitions 7 5. CSITC Requirements in Cotton Testing 8 6. Sampling 9 7. Laboratory Environment 10 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 7.1. Electrical 10 7.2. Compressed Air 11 7.3. Space 11 8. Atmospheric Conditions / Conditioning 12 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 8.1. Standard Temperature, Standard Humidity and Monitoring/Recording 12 8.2. Building / Laboratory Design 14 8.3. Ambient Air Management System and its Design 15 8.4. Passive Conditioning of the Samples 16 8.5. Rapid or Active Conditioning of the Samples 18 8.6. Instrument Correction for Moisture 18 9. Sample Handling in the Laboratory 19 		
39	A. Drieling: Global Achievements	Final Sem. Arusha 2012

  	<p>Guideline</p> <p><small>This project is co-funded by the European Union and the Common Fund for Commodities</small></p>	  <p><small>Coop. Partner of ICA Bremen</small></p>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 10. Standardized Instruments for Testing of Cotton 20 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 10.1. General 20 10.2. Instrument Preparation / Maintenance 20 10.3. Operation / Testing 21 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 10.3.1. Micronaire Module 22 10.3.2. Length/Strength Module 23 10.3.3. Color/Trash Module 23 11. Calibration 25 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 11.1. Calibration Standards 25 11.2. Internal Standard Material 27 11.3. Calibration / Calibration Check 27 12. Variability of Data / Measurement Uncertainty 30 13. Round Trials / Re-Test Programmes 32 14. Data Recording / Reporting / Export 33 15. Commercial Use of the Data 35 16. Personnel 36 17. Laboratory Management 37 18. Additional Cotton Testing Instruments 37 19. Acknowledgements 37 				
40	A. Drieling: Global Achievements	Final Sem. Arusha 2012		



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Guideline



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- 2 versions
 - Full version with explanations, requirements, additional recommendations and more information (currently 37 pages)
 - Small version with requirements and few basic explanations only (currently 17 pages)
 - Both are edited similarly, and the extraction is done afterwards
- Current version available on csitc.org → Technical information → Public information or on your CFC/ICAC/33 Arusha CD



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Guideline: Short Version



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8. Atmospheric Conditions / Conditioning

8.1. Standard Temperature, Standard Humidity and Monitoring/Recording

As the measured characteristics (mainly strength) are influenced by the cotton moisture content and methodology of conditioning, samples must be brought to a moisture content which is in equilibrium with the approved atmospheric conditions before and during testing.




The relevant ASTM Standard Practice is ASTM D 1776 "Standard Practice for Conditioning and Testing Textiles. For cotton testing" [ASTM].

→ The allowed temperature range is fixed at $21 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ ($70 \pm 2^\circ\text{F}$)

→ The allowed relative humidity range is fixed at $65 \pm 2\%$ RH



The laboratory has to be conditioned to the above conditions 24 hours a day, 7 days a week during the cotton classing season [ITMF].

It is necessary to monitor the temperature and humidity continuously with independent checking sensors [ITMF].

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Guideline: Long Version

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8. Atmospheric Conditions / Conditioning

8.1. Standard Temperature, Standard Humidity and Monitoring/Recording

As the measured characteristics (mainly strength) are influenced by the cotton moisture content and methodology of conditioning, samples must be brought to a moisture content which is in equilibrium with the approved atmospheric conditions before and during testing.

The relevant ASTM Standard Practice is ASTM D 1776 "Standard Practice for Conditioning and Testing Textiles. For cotton testing" [ASTM].

→ The allowed temperature range is fixed at 21 +/- 1°C (70 +/- 2°F)

→ The allowed relative humidity range is fixed at 65 +/- 2% RH

The tolerance range around the humidity target (+/-2%RH) is even more important than the target (65%RH) itself, as calibration with cotton standards can compensate for slight variations in the absolute RH level, but cannot compensate for short term variations.

(Recommendations) Alternatively ISO 139 Textiles Standard Atmosphere for Conditioning and Testing can be applied. For testing.

- The allowed standard temperature is fixed at 20°C with a tolerance of +/-2°C minus the measurement uncertainty of the sensor – so in practice a conformity zone of not more than +/-1°C is allowed
- The allowed standard relative humidity is fixed at 65%RH with a tolerance zone of +/- 4%RH minus the measurement uncertainty of the sensor– so in practice a conformity zone of not more than +/- 2%RH is allowed

The laboratory has to be conditioned to the above conditions 24 hours a day, 7 days a week during the cotton classing season [ITMF].

It is necessary to monitor the temperature and humidity continuously with independent checking sensors [ITMF].

43
al Sem. Arusha 2012





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Guideline




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- Timeline
 - First full draft: Now
 - Comments from CSITC TF: Now
 - Approval by CSITC TF in March 2012 (Bremen)
 - Approval by ITMF ICCTM in March 2012 (Bremen)

44
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ICA LABORATORY CERTIFICATION

45 A. Drieling: Global Achievements Final Sem. Arusha 2012



ICA Bremen Certification

- Cotton laboratory specific certification
- Developed by ICA Bremen (ICA, BBB, FIBRE)
- Purpose: To establish a list of laboratories worldwide which meet a standard level of quality assurance, so that they can be used to resolve quality disputes and to provide service to the cotton industry
- In line with ICA Trade Rules and Bylaws
- Aligned with USDA-AMS laboratory prerequisites
- Will be presented on the International Cotton Conference Bremen in March 2012

46 A. Drieling: Global Achievements Final Sem. Arusha 2012



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ICA Bremen Certification



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Criteria

- Instrument, Maintenance, Calibration
 - Quality Assurance System
 - Operator Training
 - Air Conditioning / Lab Surrounding
 - Round Test Programme Participation
 - Daily Check Programme
 - On-Site Inspection
- It will be based on the CSITC Guideline developed in this project
- It will include satisfactory evaluation results in the CSITC Round Trials developed in this project
- It is an ideal implementation of the global project findings

47

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TECHNICAL IMPROVEMENTS

48

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Technical Improvements



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- Development of recommendations for improving testing instruments for daily use
- Development of a list of requirements for an integrated power supply system for laboratories → J.-P. Gourlot
- Development of a list of requirements and basic principle drawings for a simple and efficient integrated climate control system → J.-P. Gourlot
- Development of recommendations for a reasonable interaction with humidity / moisture variations
- Analysis of the test result variation and development of measures for limiting the litigation risk → J.-P. Gourlot / E. Lukonge

49

A. Drieling: Global Achievements

Final Sem. Arusha 2012



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CSITC WEBSITE

50

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Final Sem. Arusha 2012




CSITC Website: www.csitc.org



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Commercial Standardization of Instrument Testing of Cotton

International Cotton Advisory Committee












The ICAC Task Force
 The ICAC Task Force on CSITC was created after representatives of merchants and spinners agreed that an international agreement on the use of instrument-based quality evaluation systems was needed to standardize quality test results.






The CFC/ICAC/33 project
 The aim of the project, which is funded by the Common Fund for Commodities (CFC) and the European Union, aims to improve the integrity of worldwide cotton trade by establishing a reliable system of instrumental cotton characterisation, adaptable by all cotton producing countries, especially developing countries.

Latest News
 Request Consultants for mid-term evaluation [Read more...](#)
 Inauguration of African Regional Technical Centres on 08 and 09 April 2010 [Read more...](#)

csitc round trials
 The ICAC Task Force on CSITC is conducting global CSITC Round Trials consisting of quarterly tests. All cotton fiber testing laboratories capable of measuring cotton samples with rapid testing instruments, often referred to as high volume instruments (HVI), and based on the Universal Calibration Cotton Standards for Micronaire, Upper-half mean length, Length uniformity index, Strength, Rd color, and +b color are encouraged to participate.

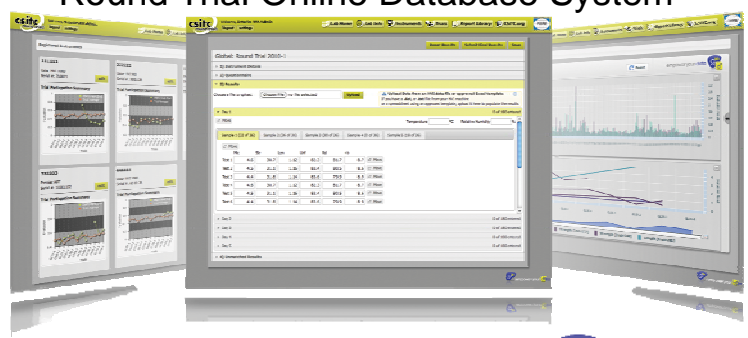
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a collaboration between 




CSITC Online Database



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Round Trial Online Database System




empower your data

Upload data directly from the instrument, check uploaded data
 All instrument specific and general reports
 Analysis of instrument performance from RT to RT
 Full online administration

DIY analysis
 Edit lab information

52 **Full online administration** A. Drieling: Global Achievements Final Sem. Arusha 2012



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Commercial Standardization of Instrument Testing of Cotton: Global Achievements of the Project

Axel Drieling

Faserinstitut Bremen e.V. (Bremen Fibre Institute "FIBRE")

ICA International Quality Testing and Research Centre Bremen



Thank you for your kind attention !

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