



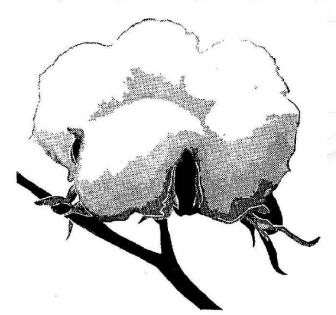


Commercial Standardization of Instrument Testing of Cotton for the Benefit of Africa





Annual Congress
Of the ACA
Khartoum, Sudan
March 10-12, 2011











Content:

Benefit of Instrument Testing for Africa

The CFC/ICAC/33 Project "CSITC Project"

Comparison of Instrument Testing Performance in Africa and Worldwide

Current Developments in Instrument Testing in Africa







The Benefit of Instrument Testing for Africa

A. Drieling, CSITC ACA Khartoum 2011 – 03







It is important to obtain reliable information about the actual quality of cotton

- Cotton growers need the information
 - to obtain an equitable price for the cotton
 - to enhance cotton quality (breeding/research)
- Ginning needs the information
 - To optimise the ginning process
- Trading needs the information
 - to fix the price of cotton
 - to satisfy the customers
 - To avoid claims
- Cotton spinners need the information
 - to assure a properly running process
 - to achieve the required quality of yarn
 - to minimize the raw material costs





Manual/Visual Classing



- Manual Classing is a common method for estimating the quality of cotton
- Manual Classing is the actual basis for trading cotton
- But Manual Classing is
 - not sufficiently objective
 - not sufficiently reliable / precise
- Global cotton trading is more and more accepting and demanding instrument test results
- Cotton spinning requires instrument test results, not Manual Classing results















Standardized Testing → High Volume Testing

- All important quality parameters are tested
- Objective, reliable test results
- High speed testing, capable for testing every single bale
- High Volume Testing Instruments from various manufacturers
- Additionally: Low volume testing for detailed information (not considered here for the cotton production)







The worldwide accepted and demanded way for the evaluation of cotton quality is inevitably moving towards High Volume Instrument testing

- Classing of the cotton production is shifting from manual classing to instrument testing worldwide
- Spinning mills are using HVI results regularly
- Research is using HVI results regularly
- Trade is moving towards HVI results to fulfil customers demands

Currently, in Africa less than 10% of the cotton bales are tested with High Volume Instruments, but many countries are stepping towards instrument classing







Benefits of Instrument Testing



- Benefits of instrument testing for selling cotton
 - Ability to name the objective quality of the country's cotton production
 - Offer cotton with known quality for sale
 - Avoid price discounts due to unknown properties
 - Avoid claims
 - Secure/improve the market share
 - Use of the test results in the whole textile value added chain
 - Monetary benefit regarding higher achievable prices: approx. 3 US-ct for each kg of lint







- Benefits of instrument testing for producing cotton
 - Arrange homogenous lots for sale
 - Optimize quality
 - in breeding
 - in ginning
 - Pay farmers based on the quality their produce
- Benefits of instrument testing for cotton processing
 - Optimize cotton input for demanded yarn quality: economic use
 - Arrange bale laydowns







The CSITC Project







Based on the recommendations of the CSITC Task Force, and to facilitate the work that is necessary to fulfil the CSITC objectives, a project was created:

Commercial Standardization of Instrument Testing of Cotton for the Cotton Producing **Developing Countries in Africa**

Testing in

CFC/ICAC/33



This project is co-funded by the European Union and the Common Fund for Commodities







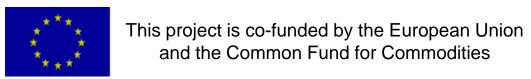


FIBRE

- Project Executing Agency: Faserinstitut Bremen, Germany
- Supervisory Body: International Cotton Advisory Committee (ICAC)
- Project Partner: CIRAD, Montpellier, France
- Project duration: December 2007 to November 2011
- Regional Technical Centre West/Central Africa
 - At: CERFITEX, Segou, Mali
 - Partner: SOFITEX, Burkina Faso
- Regional Technical Centre East/Southern Africa
 - At: Tanzania Bureau of Standards, Dar es Salaam, Tanzania
 - Partner: Tanzania Cotton Board, Dar es Salaam, Tanzania















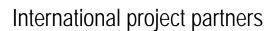


- → It is not sufficient to check cotton testing laboratories in Africa, but to support labs to be able to produce reliable test results.
- The support is done mainly by the establishment of Regional Technical Centres (RTCs) in West/Central and East/Southern region.
- RTCs mainly cover the following activities:
 - Reference activities
 - Re-tests, Regional round trials
 - Provision of information.
 - Training, experience and expertise, technical information, regional cooperation
 - Routine testing of the regional cotton production where it is demanded
- Additionally there is direct support for suitable existing laboratories to enhance their testing environment (surrounding, climate recorders, calibration material)









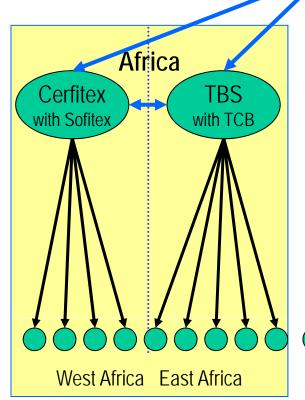
CFC international project partners Faserinstitut Bremen; CIRAD

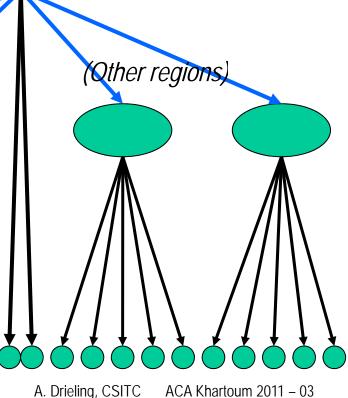
ICAC

CSITC Task Force recommendations

Regional centres

Individual Laboratories









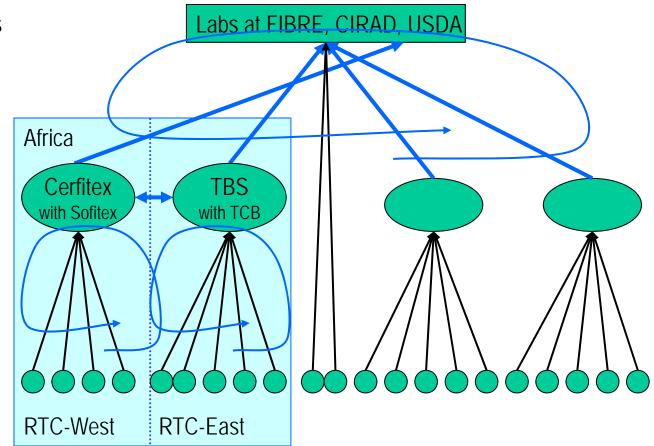


Detail: Re-tests on tested samples

International project partners FIBRE, CIRAD, USDA, BBB

Regional Technical Centres (RTC)

Individual Laboratories









Comparison of Instrument Testing Performance in Africa and Worldwide





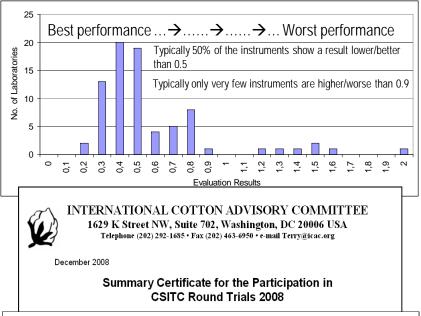


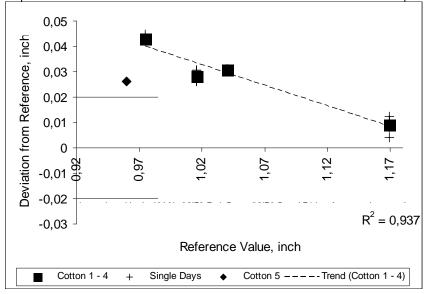
→ Intense testing for interlab. comparison

 Evaluation of the test methods / test result variation

Common Fund for Commodities

- Check and improve result variation
- Fixing of commercial trade limits
- 2. <u>Checking and Rating of the participating laboratories</u>
 - based on the trueness of the results
- 3. <u>Detailed analysis of laboratory results</u> to achieve more accurate results
 - Check laboratory results in comparison to
 130 other instruments around the world
 - Find reasons for deviations
 - 17— Help in achieving more accurate results









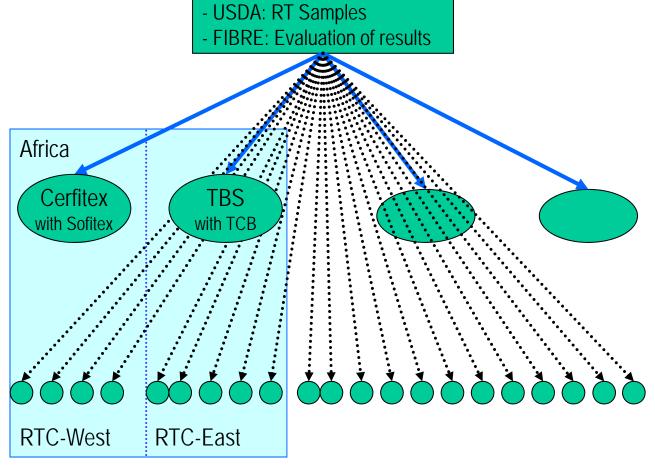


Detail: International CSITC Round Trials

International project partners FIBRE, USDA

Regional Technical Centres (RTC)

Individual Laboratories



CSITC RT Execution:





Publication of Participating Labs on icac.org and csitc.org





INTERNATIONAL COTTON ADVISORY COMMITTEE

1629 K Street NW, Suite 702, Washington DC 20006 USA Telephone +1-202-463-6660 • Fax +1-202-463-6950 • email secretariat@icac.org



CSITC Round Trials

ARGENTINA

- Altrargatas Textil, S. A.
- INTA-EEA Saouz Poña Laboratorio de Fibra AUSTRALIA
- Auscott Limited
- Australian Classing Services P/L
- Queensland Cotton Corp. Ltd.
- BANGLADESH
- Source Textiles Ltd.

BRAZIL

- Algodosira Petrovina
- BM&FBOVESPAS.A.
- Centro de Analise de Fibras EBDA/ABAPA
- Comfi o Companhia Catarinense de Fiacao
- FBET—Fundação Blumenauense de Estudos Texteis
- Kuhlmann Labs: Acreuna/ALCOTTON. Bahia ABAPA, Chapadao do Sul/AMPASUL
- Rhoda Velha/ABAPA, Sapezal Minas Cotton (AMIPA)
- SGS do Brasil Ltda, Filial Roudonôpolis MT
- Unicotton-Cooperativa de Produtores de Algodão

BURKINA FASO

- SOFITEX Laboratoire de Classement Coton.
- CHINA, PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC
- Shandong Technical Center for Inspection & Quarantine
- · Uster Technologies (Suzhou) Co. Ltd.
- Xin jiang Esquel Textile Company Ltd. COLOMBIA

Distribuidora de Algodon Nacional DIAGONAL

EGYPT

- Cotton Arbitration & Testing General Organization (CATGO)
- FRANCE
- Cirad PERSYST LTC

- GERMANY
- Faserinstitut Bremen e.V. (FIBRE)
- INA. S.A.
- K. B. Markou Abee
- NAGREF-Cotton and Industrial Plants Research Institute
- Ahmedabad Textile Industry's Research Association
- Cotton Association of India: CT&R Lab Akola. CT&R Lab Aurangabad, CT&R Lab Mumbai, CT&R Lab Rajkot
- SGS India Pvt Limited, Ahmedabad/Agri Laboratory
- Sportking Sythetics Ltd.
- Thiagarajar Mills (P) Ltd.
- . U. B. Cotton Put. Ltd.
- Wakefield Inspection Services (India) Pvt. Ltd.: Mumbai Lab, Rajkot Lab

- General Department of Cotton & Oil Seeds of Iran.
- Filartex s.p.a.

JAPAN

Japan Spinners Inspecting Foundation

MALI

· CERFITEX, RTC West/Central

PAKISTAN

- Karachi Cotton Association
- POLAND
- Gdynia Cotton Association Laboratory

SOUTH AFRICA

- Cotton South Africa
- · Prilla 2000 (Pty) Ltd.
- Laboratorio Agroalimentario de Sevilla

SWITZERLAND

Uster Technologies AG

TANZANIA

- Tanzania Bureau of Standards, RTC East/Southern
- Tanzania Cotton Board
- Wakefield Inspection Services Tanzania Ltd.

UGANDA Cotton Development Organisation

UNITED KINGDOM

International Cotton Association (ICA)

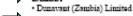
- Cotton Incorporated/Product Evaluation Laboratory
- · Fiber & Biopolymer Research Institute (Texas Tech
- Monsauto HVI Lab
- USDA, AMS Cotton Offices: S&E Cotton Program, Abilene TX, Corpus Christi TX, Dumas AR, Florence SC, Lubbock TX, Macon GA, Memphis TN,
- OA Branch, Visalia CA.
- USDA, ARS, Cotton Quality Research Station, Clemson SC USDA ARS-SRRC, New Orleans LA
- Uster Technologies, Inc.

UZBEKISTAN

- SGS Tashkent Ltd.
- Uzbek Centre SIFAT Regional Labs: Andijan, Bukhara Jizzakh, Karakalpak, Karshi, Khoresm, Namangan, Navoi, Samarkand, Surkhandarya, Tashkent







ZIMBABWE



Cotton Company of Zimbabwe





African Participation in CSITC RTs



	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Labs	8	11	9	12	14 registered
Instr. (paral.)	13	16	12	16	?
Countries	6	8	7	8	10 registered
Countries	Benin Egypt South Afr. Tanz. Zambia Zimbabwe	Benin Egypt Kenya South Afr. Sudan Tanz. Zambia Zimbabwe	Egypt Mali South Afr. Tanz. Uganda Zambia Zimbabwe	Burkina Faso Egypt Mali South Africa Tanz. Uganda Zambia Zimbabwe	Burkina Faso Egypt Mali Senegal South Africa Sudan Tanz. Uganda Zambia Zimbabwe

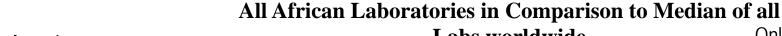


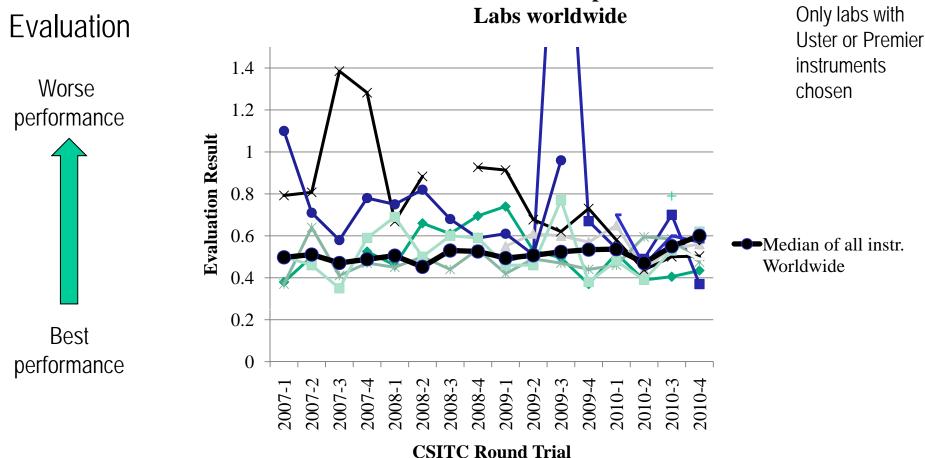
21



African Lab Evaluation Results in CSITC RT







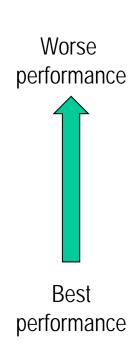
There is a trend that the African labs are getting better and closer together





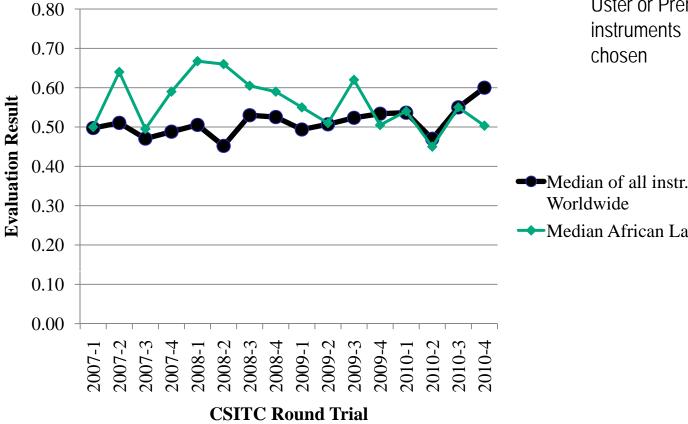


Evaluation



Median of All African Laboratories in Comparison to Median of all Labs worldwide Only labs with





Worldwide

→ Median African Labs

It is clearly visible that the African labs are getting better

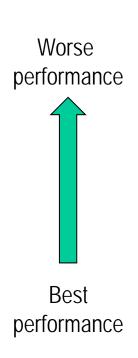


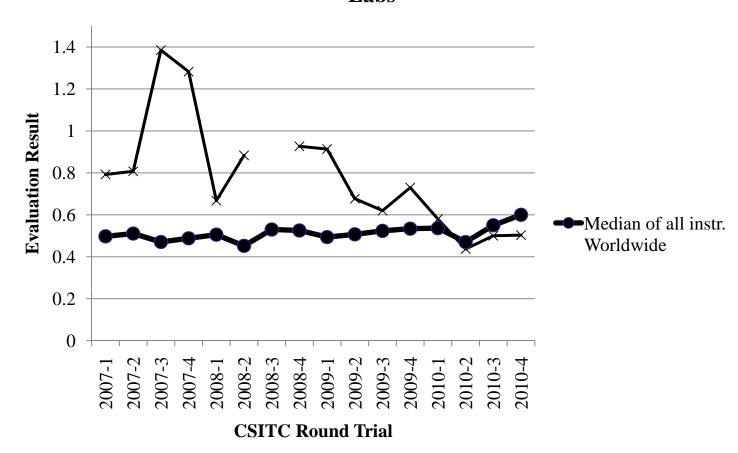




African Laboratory "A" in comparison to Median of all Labs

Evaluation





This lab improved strongly based on the CSITC support and RT evaluations







African Laboratory "B"in Comparison to Median of all Labs

Labs **Evaluation** 1.4 Worse performance 1.2 **Evaluation Result** 0.8 0.6 Median of all instr. Worldwide 0.4 0.2 Best performance 0

CSITC Round Trial

This lab improved strongly, too

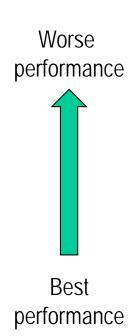


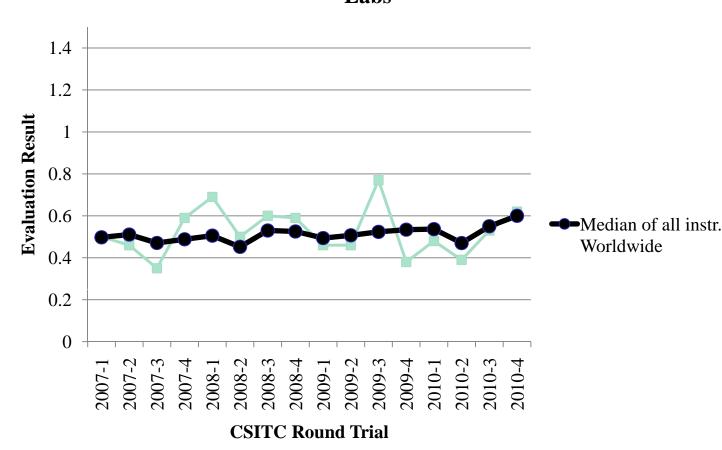




African Laboratory "C"in Comparison to Median of all Labs

Evaluation



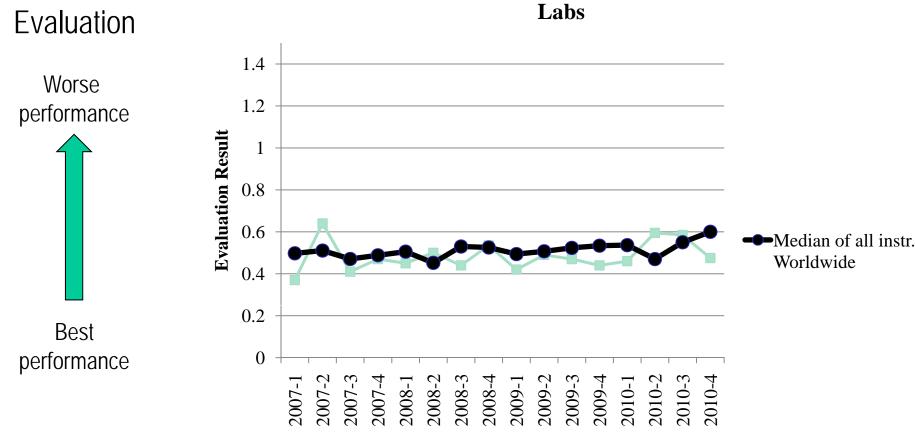


This lab proofed to be performing "on average" all the time





African Laboratory "D"in Comparison to Median of all Labs



This lab proofed to be performing "better than average" - nearly all the time, Belonging to the 50% of the best labs worldwide

CSITC Round Trial







- Laboratories have the chance to improve their performance
 - Based on the work of the Regional Technical Centres
 - Based on the participation and analyses in the CSITC RTs
- Laboratories should participate in the CSITC RTs as soon as possible in order to learn where and how to improve
- Laboratories get with the CSITC Round Trials an objective proof of their performance







Current developments in Instrument Testing in Africa

Country	Production (Av)	resp. Organisation	addit. organisations with SITC*	Resp. Org: laboratory installed	laboratory operational	Improvements supported by (or offered by)	Perspective / Comments
Egypt	142	CATGO	research, processing	yes	yes	-	routine operation
Zimbabwe	103	Agr. Market. Auth. / (COTTCO)	production	yes	yes	CFC/ICAC/33	routine operation 100% instr. classing
Tanzania	100	ТСВ	control, RTC	yes	(yes)	CFC/ICAC/33	10% testing, improving, extending
Zambia	48	Cotton Board of Zambia	production	no	-	-	Board erected
Sudan	32	SCCL	research	yes	no	CFC/ICAC/33	
Ethiopia	25	none	governmental	no	-	-	discussions, no fixed strategy
Mozambique	25	IAM	research	no	-	CFC/ICAC/33	Implementing 100% instr. classing
Malawi	22	Ministry of Agriculture	no	no	-	-	
Uganda	22	CDO	no	yes	(yes)	CFC/ICAC/33	improving lab
Kenya	9	CODA	no	no	-	(CFC/ICAC/33)	Preparing for instrument classing
South Africa	9	Cotton SA	control, processing	yes	yes	-	routine operation
Madagascar	< 7						
Burundi	2	COGERCO					
Rwanda	2						
Mauritius	0		governmental, processing				
Swaziland	< 1	Swaziland Cotton Board					
Lesotho	< 1		processing				

Country	Production (Av)	resp. Organisation	addit. organisations with SITC*	Resp. Org: laboratory installed	laboratory operational	Improvements supported by (or offered by)	Perspective / Comments
Burkina Faso	180	SOFITEX	no	yes	(yes)	CFC/ICAC/33	Implementing instr. classing
Mali	102	CMDT - OCC	education, RTC	yes	(yes)	(CFC/ICAC/33)	
Benin	97	AIC (SCQCC)	no	yes	yes	(CFC/ICAC/33)	
Côte d'Ivoire	71	APROCOT-CI /CIDT	research	no	-	UNIDO	Establishing instrument testing
Nigeria	63		research				
Cameroon	57	SODECOTON	processing	no	-	-	
Chad	24	CotonTchad	no	yes	no	-	
Togo	15	NSCT	no	yes	no	(CFC/ICAC/33)	
Senegal	11	SODEFITEX	no	yes	yes	CFC/ICAC/33	
Ghana	9	(GCCL)	research	no	-	-	
Centr. Afric. Rep.	4	SOCADETEX (?)					
Guinea (Rep,)	4	CGC (?)					
Congo, DR	3						
Niger	2						





Common Fund for Commodities





Commercial Standardization of Instrument Testing of Cotton





Round Trial Login

Login:

Password:

login reset

Home

CSITC Task Force

CSITC Round Trials

CSITC CFC/ICAC/33 Project

Technical information -Instrument testing

RTC Central Asia

RTC East Africa

RTC West Africa

Regions Without RTC

Project Partners



The ICAC Task Force on CSITC was created after representatives of merchants and spinners agreed that an international agreement on the use of instrument based quality evaluation systems was needed to standardize quality test results.

Read more...



The aim of the project, which is funded by the Common Fund for Commodities (CFC) and the European Union, aims to improve the integrity of worldwide cotton trade by establishing a reliable system of instrumental cotton characterisation, adoptable by all cotton producing countries, especially developing countries.

Read more....

Latest News

Request: Consultants for mid-term evaluation

Read more....

Inauguration of African Regional Technical Centres on 08 and 09 April Read more... <u>2010</u>



The ICAC Task Force on CSITC is conducting global CSITC Round Trials consisting of quarterly tests. All cotton fiber testing laboratories capable of measuring cotton samples with rapid testing instruments, often referred to as high volume instruments (HVI), and based on the Universal Calibration Cotton Standards for Micronaire, Upper-half mean length, Length uniformity index, Strength, Rd color, and +b color are encouraged to participate.

Read more....





The CFC/ICAC/33 project is co-funded by the European Union and the Common Fund for Commodities

a collaboration between



g content | structure | design







Thank you very much

for your kind attention!